

# Research Project Proposal: Interactive Storytelling for children with neurodevelopmental disorders

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## 1. INTRODUCTION TO THE PROBLEM

My research aims at improving the lives of children with neurodevelopmental disorders by creating interactive storytelling experiences that enrich therapy and help them practicing necessary skills for their everyday life such as words pronunciation or emotional responses.

Given the goals, there are many areas of study involved in this kind of research. Psychology and more specifically developmental psychology and neuropsychology. Advanced user interfaces paired with Interactive Storytelling for children. These areas are broad and interdisciplinary, as such they intertwine and share many strengths and weaknesses.

This topic, more in general, focuses on studying how interactive systems and advanced user interfaces may allow us to tackle important issues that children with these kinds of disorders face each and every day.

These difficulties span from different kinds of linguistic issues to socialization problems and cognitive impairments. As research progresses there is a continuous need to explore the possible collaboration between these various fields. One new breakthrough technology could revolutionize forever the approach to certain kinds of disorders during therapy, and a brand new technique in therapy or psychology in general, could be easily and more effectively implemented through the tools that the AUI and ISC fields give us[1]. Because of this and the clear impact this field may have on the lives of so many children, it seems obvious that this topic needs to be supported and explored.

More specifically there is the strong need to acquire more resources in terms of data-collection and effectiveness of on-going therapies. In order to generate any kind of meaningful conversational agent there is a strong need for large data-sets for the training of these massive models.

Vocalizations of kids with autism, for example, are hard to collect but would be hugely beneficial in any AI tool that wants to recognize certain sounds or emotions and act accordingly. By creating tools that enrich and help the therapy, we may collect data during the session and label it in effective and meaningful ways that would facilitate further efforts in creating conversational agents or any tool that would need to train on large batches of data.

The correct implementation of these tools could create a virtuous cycle in which we create interactions with kids that help them with particular actions and skills, while we collect data in order to improve those same interactions and build better ones with the help of artificial intelligence. This would not only improve the therapy sessions, but also allow research in the psychological field to progress faster with a greater access to labeled data.

The possibilities given by modern interfaces are many and could potentially change the way we intend therapy. As seen in the last few years of pandemic, we developed great tools to bridge physical barriers such as distance or health conditions, the use of these interactive tools could also expand behind the walls of the therapy sessions and be implemented at home, school or the hospital. This solution could even allow therapists to assign "homework" to children and study their behavior in a difference setting while gathering precious data.

To conclude: the possibilities of the different implementations of advanced user interfaces for children and in particular children with neurodevelopmental disorders are many and could potentially change the way we view therapy adding new solutions to the challenges posed by these disorders. In the next paragraphs I will describe more the details of the related works and my research plan.



experts in order to enrich the therapy sessions with a robust data-collection system. This will hopefully help in the assessment of the effectiveness of our solutions while also providing valuable information for the children's state. Now that we have explained better the scope of the project, we want to outline the most relevant feature of our work: the ability to be personalized according to each child necessities.

We have been a bit general on the vocalizations and on the stories of our projects because our idea is to let these elements to be developed ad-hoc. Given the preferences of each kid we will be able to generate different kinds of stories with different kinds of images and visualizations and according to the specifics set by the therapist, we generate different words for the child to vocalize.

When meeting with the therapists at Medea Institute, it was clear from the get-go that the ability to develop a custom solution for each children was the key feature for them. The possibility to generate engaging stories starting from the interests of a child, while asking specific vocalizations set by therapist is the true point of strength of this project. Our intention is to keep the dialogue open with all that therapists that have and will show interest in our research and try to implement the features that, although seemingly not as relevant to us, could make all the difference for the experts.

The impact our research makes will be assessed during the therapy sessions and listening to the experts feed-backs. Since our goal is to provide the therapists with the tools to enrich their sessions, we will need months to properly evaluate our effort, comparing a traditional approach therapy to one that actively uses the tools we propose.

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